Surge Planning

Immediate response to creating surge capacity

The following plan outlines the framework to effectively manage a surge of patients into Sheridan Memorial Hospital. The framework is meant to work in conjunction with the Hospital Incident Command system (IC).

The framework stages patients into three tiers. Tier 1 are the beds on the main floor of the hospital and is designed to handle the initial surge of covid 19 patients. Tier 2 are beds on the second and third floors of the hospital that can serve both active and recovering covid 19 patients. Tier 3 beds are the last tier of beds that can serve both active and recovering covid 19 patients.

Med/Surg north has been designated as a clean pod to meet the needs of the hospital for non-covid 19 patients that require inpatient care. There are eight rooms and 16 beds if double occupied.

DEFINITIONS

Airborne infection isolation room (AIIR). Formerly, negative pressure isolation room, an AIIR is a single-occupancy patient-care room used to isolate persons with a suspected or confirmed airborne infectious disease.

AllR rooms are defined as single occupancy but will be doubled or warded if patients are positive for the same infectious disease (covid 19).

Capacity and Use

Floor plans have been created that addresses the following:

- Tier 1 Adult AllR rooms
- Tier 1 Pediatric AIIR rooms
- ICU AllR rooms
- ED AllR rooms
- Labor and delivery AIIR rooms
- Tier 2 A & B rooms
- Tier 3 A&B rooms
- Adult clean rooms

In summary the floor plan is a visual representation of the entire first, second and third floors and the status of all rooms in regard to covid 19 use and intentions.

Management and Operation

Planning, Operations and Logistics have been assigned and report through Hospital IC.

Equipment and Supplies

Hospital IC has assigned individuals that are currently tracking, procuring and reporting current and surge equipment and supply needs daily. Any and all requests new or old come through the assigned individuals.

Supply model that forecasts PPE burn rate in place and can be used to help understand usage.

Hospital IC has oversight for donation and collection of donated PPE and supplies

Pharmaceuticals will be supplied to all first floor locations per current process. Tier 2 and Tier 3 pharmaceuticals will be supplied in drawers by patient in locked areas on 2nd and 3rd floors.

Nursing supplies will be stored in current locations on first floor and in to be designated areas on 2^{nd} and 3^{rd} floors.

Staffing

Hospital IC has assigned individuals to track all employees, their skill set, availability, forecast education needs and train specific need areas.

- Labor Pool Activation
- Identification of staffing by staffing type, service area and staffing ratios
- Staffing plan identifies minimum staffing needs and prioritizes critical and non-essential services
- Maintain up to date staff contact information and ensure availability to Hospital IC and individuals responsible for making staff contacts
- Staff notification and call-back protocols including responsibilities.
- Cross training and re-assignment of staff to support critical/essential services
- Establish just-in-time training for key areas to allow staff to be assigned where most needed

Hospital IC has a comprehensive list of all employees that is used to identify and assign individuals to specific areas of need as requested through the Labor Pool.

Minimum staffing needs for Tier 1, 2 and 3 are as follows:

- Tier1 78 nurses
- Tier 2A 8 nurses
- Tier 2B 8 nurses
- Tier 3A 8 nurses
- Tier 3B 8 nurses
- Total 110 nurses

The staffing needs do not include Med/Surg North clean pod, Surgery, Women's Health or Emergency Room. These numbers are minimum staffing and do not take into consideration sick, quarantine or no show.

Bed Placement

Tier 2 and Tier 3 usage was determined by the number of available bathrooms and other potential needs such as convalescing patients. The Tier 2A and Tier 3A pods are placed to utilize the rooms that have best access to bathrooms.

Tier 1 Med/Surg

Patients identified with positive or ruling out covid 19 and needing admission will be admitted to rooms in the isolation area of South Med Surg. A total of 30 patients can be managed in this area with a combination of semi-private and private rooms. Patients will be bedded starting in the 20's pod as single occupancy then doubled until 20's pod is full. Once the 20's pod is full patients will be bedded starting in room 102 of the Med/Surg isolation area and bed additional patients moving toward the Med/Surg South nurses station. Increasing surge of Covid-19 patients will then be bedded in the 30's hall until full. This will give a total of 44 beds in the Med/Surg pod.

ICU

• ICU patients will be bedded starting in room 11 and moving to room 6 in the ICU. Rooms 1-5 can be added giving a total bed count in the ICU at 22 with double occupancy.

Tier 2A

• Tier 2A beds are identified on the second floor in a designated pod that would include ward rooms 205 and 209 and double occupancy rooms 202, 204,206 and 208. This would add an additional 6 rooms and 19 beds.

Tier 2B

• Tier 2B beds are identified on the third floor in a designated pod that would include ward rooms 305 and 309 and double occupancy rooms 304,306 and 308. This would add an additional 6 rooms and 21 beds.

Tier 3A

• Tier 3A beds are identified on the second floor in a designated pod that would include ward rooms 223, 221 and 214. This would add an additional 3 rooms and 15 beds.

Tier 3B

• Tier 3B beds are identified on the third floor in a designated pod that would include ward rooms 325, 324, 321 and 314. This would add an additional 4 rooms and 19 beds.

Clean/Surgery

• Surgical and non-infectious patients will be cared for in the Med/Surg North pod and bedded by clinical and physician guidance.

Pediatric

• Pediatric patients will be cared for in Pediatrics pod. Bedding of patients will begin with room 151 and progress as determined by physician and clinical staff guidance.

Considerations

• Contingency Plans, such as transferring TCU patients out of SMH, cohorting same-infectious patients, moving surgical patients to a different location, such as WH may need to be considered and determinations made by physician and clinical guidance.